ICP	

ICP Construction Inc

Version No: **4.4** Safety Data Sheet according to OSHA HazCom Standard (2012) requirements Issue Date: 07/25/2024 Print Date: 07/25/2024 S.GHS.USA.EN

SECTION 1 Identification

Product Identifier

Product name	FixAll Skid Grip Anti-Slip Coating Camel - F06510	
Synonyms	Available	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Relevant identified	
uses	

Anti-Slip Coating

Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

Registered company name	CP Construction Inc	
Address	scomb Road Andover MA 01810 United States	
Telephone	6-667-5119 1-978-623-9987	
Fax	Not Available	
Website	www.icpgroup.com	
Email	sds@icpgroup.com	

Emergency phone number

Association / Organisation	ChemTel
Emergency telephone numbers	1-800-255-3924
Other emergency telephone numbers	1-813-248-0585

SECTION 2 Hazard(s) identification



Note: The hazard category numbers found in GHS classification in section 2 of this SDSs are NOT to be used to fill in the NFPA 704 diamond. Blue = Health Red = Fire Yellow = Reactivity White = Special (Oxidizer or water reactive substances)

Classification	Carcinogenicity Category 1A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 1, Hazardous to
	the Aquatic Environment Acute Hazard Category 3

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H350	May cause cancer.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H402 Harmful to aquatic life.		

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	
P103	P103 Read label before use.	

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.	
P260	not breathe mist/vapours/spray.	
P280	protective gloves and protective clothing.	
P270	not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.	
P273	void release to the environment.	
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.	
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to
	do. Continue rinsing.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405 Store locked up.

P501

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
14808-60-7*	15-40	silica crystalline - quartz
68476-25-5	1-5	feldspars
107-21-1	1-3	ethylene glycol

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with eyes: Wash out immediately with water. If irritation continues, seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc.
File incompatibility	as ignition may result

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus. 		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes. 		

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin 	
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. 	

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks. 	
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents	



0 — May be stored together with specific preventions

+ — May be stored together

Note: Depending on other risk factors, compatibility assessment based on the table above may not be relevant to storage situations, particularly where large volumes of dangerous goods are stored and handled. Reference should be made to the Safety Data Sheets for each substance or article and risks assessed accordingly.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	silica crystalline - quartz	Quartz - respirable	0.05 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica: Crystalline: Quartz (Respirable)	10 (%SiO2+2) mg/m3 / 250 (%SiO2+5) mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica, crystalline (as respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Ca; See Appendix A
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	feldspars	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Total dust	15 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1	feldspars	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR)- Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	feldspars	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Total Dust	15 mg/m3 / 50 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3	feldspars	Inert or Nuisance Dust: Respirable fraction	5 mg/m3 / 15 mppcf	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	feldspars	Particulates not otherwise regulated	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D
US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)	ethylene glycol	Ethylene glycol	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	See Appendix D

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1 TEEL-2			TEEL-3	
silica crystalline - quartz	0.075 mg/m3	33 mg/m3		200 mg/m3	
ethylene glycol	30 ppm	150 ppm		900 ppm	
la sue l'est			Devices		
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised	Revised IDLH	
silica crystalline - quartz	25 mg/m3 / 50 mg/m3		Not Available		
feldspars	Not Available		Not Available		
ethylene glycol	Not Available		Not Ava	ilable	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well- designed engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	▶ Overalls.▶ P.V.C apron.

Respiratory protection

Type BKAX-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

If inhalation risk above the TLV exists, wear approved dust respirator.

Use respirators with protection factors appropriate for the exposure level.

- Up to 5 X TLV, use valveless mask type; up to 10 X TLV, use 1/2 mask dust respirator
- Up to 50 X TLV, use full face dust respirator or demand type C air supplied respirator
- Up to 500 X TLV, use powered air-purifying dust respirator or a Type C pressure demand supplied-air respirator
- Over 500 X TLV wear full-face self-contained breathing apparatus with positive pressure mode or a combination respirator with a Type C positive pressure supplied-air full-face respirator and an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand or other positive pressure mode
- · Cartridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

1

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Not Available		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n- octanol / water	Not Available

Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available	
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available	
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available	
Flash point (°C)	>130	Taste	Not Available	
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available	
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available	
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available	
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available	
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available	
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available	
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	63.29	

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.

Continued...

	persons. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.				
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irr may produce transient discomfort characteri			-	
Chronic	Studies show that inhaling this substance for the risk of cancer. Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by if swallowed. This material can cause serious damage if of contains a substance which can produce set Crystalline silicas activate the inflammatory of Chronic exposure to crystalline silicas reduct	y prolonge one is expo vere defec response o	d exposure through inhalation sed to it for long periods. It ca ts. of white blood cells after they i	n, in contact with skin and an be assumed that it injure the lung epithelium	
FixAll Skid Grip Anti- Slip Coating Camel -	ΤΟΧΙCITY		IRRITATION		
F06510	Not Available		Not Available		
	ΤΟΧΙCITY			IRRITATION	
silica crystalline -	Inhalation (Human)LCLo: 0.3 mg/m3/10Y ^[2]			Not Available	
quartz	Inhalation (Human)TCLo: 16 mppcf*/8H/17.9Y ^[2]				
	Inhalation (Rat)TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6H/71W ^[2]				
	TOXICITY				
feldspars	Not Available		Not Available		
	ΤΟΧΙCΙΤΥ	IRRI	TATION		
	dermal (mouse) LD50: >3500 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/1h - mild			
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye	(rabbit): 12 mg/m3/3D		
ethylene glycol		Eye (rabbit): 1440mg/6h-moderate			
		Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild			
		Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]			
		Skin (rabbit): 555 mg(open)-mild Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]			
Legend:	1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Regist manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise spec		-		

 silica crystalline WARNING: For inhalation exposure ONLY: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 1:

 quartz
 CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS

	The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified occupational exposures to respirable (<5 um) crystalline silica as being carcinogenic to humans . This classification is based on what IARC considered sufficient evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for the carcinogenicity of inhaled silica in the forms of quartz and cristobalite.			
FELDSPARS	No significant acute toxicological data id	lentified in literature search.		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	 [Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS quoted by Orica] Substance is reproductive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat cells. For ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed throughout the gastrointestinal tract. Limited information suggests that it is also absorbed through the airways; absorption through skin is apparently slow. 			
Acute Toxicity	× Carcinogenicity ✓			
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×	
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×	
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	*	
concuton				

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

FixAll Skid Grip Anti-	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr))	Species	Value		Source	•
Slip Coating Camel - F06510	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Av	ailable	Not Ava	ailable
silica crystalline -	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr))	Species	Value		Source	9
quartz	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Av	ailable	Not Ava	ailable
<i>.</i>	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr))	Species	Value		Source	9
feldspars	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Av	ailable	Not Ava	ailable
	Endpoint	Те	st Duration (hr)	Specie	es		Value		Source
	EC50(ECx)	Not Available		Algae or other aquatic plants		6500-750	0mg/l	1	
ethylene glycol	EC50	48h		Crustacea		>100mg/l		2	
	LC50	96h		Fish		8050mg/L		4	
	EC50	96	h	Algae	or other aquatic pl	ants	6500-130	00mg/l	1
Legend:			ICLID Toxicity Data 2 . US EPA, Ecotox da		0			0	

Harmful to aquatic organisms.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
ethylene glycol	LOW (Half-life = 24 days)	LOW (Half-life = 3.46 days)

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
ethylene glycol	LOW (BCF = 200)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
ethylene glycol	HIGH (Log KOC = 1)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

	Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area.
Product / Packaging	DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
disposal	It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
	 Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
	 Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Marine Pollutant NO

Land transport (DOT): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
feldspars	Not Available
ethylene glycol	Not Available

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
feldspars	Not Available
ethylene glycol	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

silica crystalline - quartz is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens

US - California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 - Proposition 65 List

US - Massachusetts - Right To Know Listed Chemicals

US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US National Toxicology Program (NTP) 15th Report Part A Known to be Human Carcinogens

US NIOSH Carcinogen List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Carcinogens Listing

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

feldspars is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

US - Alaska Air Quality Control - Concentrations Triggering an Air Quality Episode for Air Pollutants Other Than PM-2.5

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-1

US OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) Table Z-3

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

ethylene glycol is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

US - California Hazardous Air Pollutants Identified as Toxic Air Contaminants

- US California Proposition 65 Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADLs) for Chemicals Causing Reproductive Toxicity
- US California Proposition 65 Reproductive Toxicity
- US California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 Proposition 65 List
- US Massachusetts Right To Know Listed Chemicals
- US ATSDR Minimal Risk Levels for Hazardous Substances (MRLs)
- US Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutants
- US DOE Temporary Emergency Exposure Limits (TEELs)

US EPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS)

US EPCRA Section 313 Chemical List

US NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)

US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - Chemical Substance Inventory

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

Federal Regulations

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Section 311/312 hazard categories

Flammable (Gases, Aerosols, Liquids, or Solids)

Gas under pressure

No

No

Explosive	No	
Self-heating	No	
Pyrophoric (Liquid or Solid)	No	
Pyrophoric Gas	No	
Corrosive to metal	No	
Oxidizer (Liquid, Solid or Gas)	No	
Organic Peroxide	No	
Self-reactive	No	
In contact with water emits flammable gas	No	
Combustible Dust	No	
Carcinogenicity	Yes	
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)	No	
Reproductive toxicity	No	
Skin Corrosion or Irritation	No	
Respiratory or Skin Sensitization	No	
Serious eye damage or eye irritation	No	
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	Yes	
Aspiration Hazard		
Germ cell mutagenicity	No	
Simple Asphyxiant	No	
Hazards Not Otherwise Classified	No	

US. EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4)

Name	Reportable Quantity in Pounds (Ib)	Reportable Quantity in kg
ethylene glycol	5000	2270

US. EPCRA Section 313 Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) (40 CFR 372)

This product contains the following EPCRA section 313 chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know-Act of 1986 (40 CFR 372):

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
107-21-1	1-3	ethylene glycol

This information must be included in all SDSs that are copied and distributed for this material.

Additional Federal Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

State Regulations

US. California Proposition 65

MARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including silica crystalline - quartz, 1,4-dioxane, acetaldehyde, silica amorphous, carbon black, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and ethylene glycol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Additional State Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes	
Canada - DSL	Yes	
Canada - NDSL	No	
China - IECSC	Yes	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes	
Japan - ENCS	No (feldspars)	
Korea - KECI	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Philippines - PICCS	Yes	
USA - TSCA	Yes	
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes	
Mexico - INSQ	Yes	
Vietnam - NCI	Yes	
Russia - FBEPH	No (feldspars)	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	07/25/2024
Initial Date	07/08/2024

CONTACT POINT

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
3.4	07/25/2024	Hazards identification - Classification, Composition / information on ingredients - Ingredients

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

Definitions and abbreviations

- + PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- + PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- + ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。
- + IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

- ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- + AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- DSL: Domestic Substances List
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- + EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- + ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- + PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- + FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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